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New York Daily Tribune.

FOUNDED BY HORACE GREELEY SUNDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1888.

TWENTY PAGES.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING.

on the result of the Maidstone election. Prince Alexander of Hesse is dead. = A woman passenger by the Umbria from New-York was arrested on landing at Queenstown; fifty cartridges were found secreted in her dress. === The Ger-

Domestic.-The Vice-President-elect and Mrs. financial successes of the age. Morton left Indianapolis for the East, ==== An rado, Detroit and Michigan. - Shoppers had Springfield, Mass. = The Supreme Court of which prevented certification of the Kanawha County election returns. —— Chief-Astice Boyle, by a syndicate was completed.

women's annex to Columbia College. === Stocks ruled firm, declined slightly, and closed at a lit-

tle better than opening figures. warmer. Temperature yesterday: Highest, 37 vestors that M. de Lesseps staked his reputa- liberality. We have the foundation for a splendegrees; lowest, 20; average, 27.

Secretary Bayard will be, or ought to be, interested in that portion of our cable dispatch to-day which tells of the "unflattering questions" excited by his continuance of Mr. Phelps at London while Her Majesty's representative in Washington is a Third Secretary of Legation. It was well enough to wait a reasonable time for Lord Salisbury to find a successor to the unfortunate Sackville, but there is a point of time, and it was long since reached, beyond which delay on his part admits of but one ex-

President of the Swiss Confederation, which show that a healthy notion exists among the hardy people of Switzerland as to the moral qualities of their officials. The problem of self-government is well settled when the people who attempt it go about the choice of their representatives having capacity and character in mind rather than the accidents of birth and station. The stability of a republican form of government almost wholly depends upon the spirit in which the suffrage is cast. The influence of such men as Hertenstein must be powerful to develop in the Switzers that serious view of individual responsibility which is the vital force in a republic.

Mr. Gladstone protests against the attempt to conquer the Soudan, which, he says, is an English policy in the Soudan. Our London adventure as hopeless as to coerce nature. This remark may be considered in the light of an apology as well as a protest. The policy of teaching civilization and preaching the Gospel of that policy as shown by the continued occuthrough cannon and rifle is very old, and very pation of Suakim. The Gladstone Ministry barren of happy results. Its real purpose is ordered the evacuation of the Soudan, and invariably plunder, called sometimes commerce. Probably Pizarro looked upon his business as which apparently has culminated in the im-"commerce," too. Exploration is a glorious prisonment of Emin and Stanley. Yet infamous undertaking, when it is exploration and not as the abandonment of the garrisons with the in the cash-box-about \$2-and 100 small war. Mr. Gladstone's point is well taken, but it cannot excuse the abandonment of brave men like Gordon and Stanley and Emin, who thousands of fanatical natives in the battlewere sent into peril to defend National in-

The views of Charles Francis Adams, president of the Union Pacific Railway, upon the railroad situation were made known in an address delivered in Boston yesterday, the substance of which is given on another page. Mr. Adams criticises the Interstate Commerce Act as severely as any of its opponents, but warns them that its repeal would not bring the relief they expect. Perhaps the most interesting and significant portion of his address is that in which he notes the remarkable tendency toward consolidation which has been in progress now for a number of years, and which, he predicts, will culminate in the formation, as the inevitable result of natural causes, of some such gigantic railway combination as was recently proposed and met with so much apparent dis-

It is scarcely worth while to deny the silly story that the Republicans in Congress will seek to postpone consideration of the Territorial

disregard it.

M. DE LESSEPS'S DOWNFALL. The downfall of a man of genius like M. de Lesseps naturally excites sympathy and regret. He has earned his title as the Grand Frenchman. Since the completion of the Suez Canal he has been indisputably the first citizen of the Republic. A picturesque and heroic figure in the annals of modern progress, he has helped by his fame to make France great at a critical period in her political history when her statesmen, politicians and intriguers were conspiring to belittle her reputation among nations. The collapse of his ill-fated Panama enterprise bankrupts not only a horde of credulous shareholders, but also his fame, which had become one of the inspiring traditions of modern France. 'The world's stock of genius is never at any time so large that the displacement of a commanding personality like that of M. de Lesseps can be regarded with indifference and

cynicism_i

M. de Lesseps's misfortunes may legitimately be traced to his extraordinary successes. The Suez Canal was a vast project which was opposed by Governments, statesmen, capitalists and engineers. The nation which had the largest and most direct interest in its completion denounced and ridiculed it as an imprac ticable and chimerical undertaking. One English Ministry after another displayed stupid obstinacy in blocking the progress of a waterway which was to shorten the lines of comengineers united in declaring either that the from our Albany correspondent. We now strictly enforced. munication with India and Australia. English canal could never be finished, or that it could have in the new Capitel the handsomest and not be kept open if it were once cut through. English capitalists discredited the enterprise as one of enormous cost, which could never by any possibility be made remunerative. M. de Lesseps was without allies in Europe, and at the outset stood almost alone in France. The construction of the canal was pre-eminently the work of one man of indomitable energy, inexhaustible force and sublime faith in his des. capital and the fact that it is a useful adjunct Foreign.-The Government bill for the relief of tiny. Gradually he overcame every obstacle the Panama Canal Company was rejected in the in his path. Without securing the support of French Chamber of Deputies. == Military au- great financiers he enlisted the aid of a host of thorities at Suakim believe that Emin Pacha is a small investors in his own country. Dependprisoner of the Mahdi's, but they doubt Stanley's | ing solely upon the good will and active cocapture. = Mr. Gladstone in a speech in Lime operation of a broad-minded Egyptian ruler, he house Town Hall congratulated the Liberal party | persevered in his colossal undertaking, and with untiring patience and consummate tact wen first the teleration and then the sympathy of Government after Government. No other man authorities refused to release Professor which was peculiarly his own, when the canal

When M. de Lesseps appealed to the same opium smuggler was captured in Denver and several class of small investors who had supported his difficulty in the way if the Legislature will furhundred pounds of the drug were seized in Colo- first project to furnish him with the capital re- nish the money to develop the library into a quired for cutting the Panama Isthmus he had great and harmonious collection, and to keep a narrow escape from death in a burning store at the enormous advantage of trading upon his the machinery of distribution going. The risk Appeals of West Virginia dissolved the injunction previous successes. Did the engineers pro- of loss in sending out books in this way would was nothing; so had they predicted the failure State Labrary and the instructors are under the of Washington Territory, was reported to be dying. of the Suez Canal. Were capitalists alarmed general supervision of the Regents of the The purchase of the St. Louis street railroads by the estimates of cost and the narrow margin left for possible returns from the investment? | books circulated in this way would probably City and Suburban .- A thief broke the win- That, too, was nothing; for equally positive had be as safe as if they were read in the magnifidow of a Broadway jewelry store and stole a they been in demonstrating the financial ruin cent home of the library in Albany. But, aside valuable diamond necklace ____ Maurice L of his first work. Were there new menaces of from this, the experience of free circulating Muhleman succeeded William Sherer as cashier international complications caused by European libraries such as the Boston Public Library, and date should have been eleven or twelve inches, was at the Sub-Treasury. == An important meeting jealousies and the American Monroe Doctrine? others elsewhere, including those in this city. was held to push the plan for the proposed That, too, was nothing; for Governments had shows that such privileges, when properly strenuously opposed the other canal, and their resistance had finally been overcome by his in-The Weather.-Indications for to-day. Fair and flexible will. It was enough for the French in- will need to exhibit a spirit of enlightened poured their accumulated savings into the rocky

piercing. Our Paris correspondent furnishes some facts intoxicated with his own hopes. Like a drown- ment, but of the whole people. We ought to in the life of the late Colonel Hertenstein, the ling man snatching at straws, he still believed that his enterprise was safe and that genius and good fortune would carry him through. This reckless speculation since the South Sea bubble.

> NEMESIS IN THE SOUDAN. Englishmen have fallen into the habit of saying that Ireland is the only country where hey have not been wholly successful in carrying on the beneficent work of civilization. With the shameful record of failure and incapacity which they have recently made in the Soudan they ought at least to note one other exception. The deplorable plight of the Government which has received Osman Digna's ultimatum for the evacuation of Suakim directs attention once more to the incredible folly and wickedness of correspondent in his telegraphic summary of the latest rumors respecting Stanley and Emin refers significantly to the glaring inconsistency thereby brought on a long series of misfortunes, subsequent betrayal of Gordon was, and atrocious and unnecessary as was the slaughter of making the total value of his plunder probably never been carried out to its logical conclusion. Suakim was garrisoned, while the great Egyptian Empire, of which it was the port of entry, was abandoned to misgovernment and slavetrading. Osman Digna appears in desert sands once stained with the butchery of a horde of his followers and demands restitution as the price of two heroic lives.

sponsible for the future of the Nile Valley, above as well as below Cairo. Egypt had a vast outlying empire which had been conquered and well governed by such heroic Englishmen as Sir Samuel Baker and General Gordon. The Gladstone Ministry ought never to have intervened in Egyptian affairs unless they were prepared to assume responsibility for the Soudan. From the outset they declined to accept criminals" act, and addressed the usual queshe inevitable consequences of their own acts. When the Khedive sent an army of cowardly military slaves to be massacred in Kardofan England listlessly advised against it, but did

rial policy is held by the country, and in either of natives; Gordon was dispatched to Khar- This was his second offence, and a twenty of these events the Republicans will assuredly toum to stand on the rampart for weary months years' verdict was returned against him also. waiting for a costly and ill-managed expedition whose advance-guard arrived a week too is praiseworthy, and no doubt in many cases ever fought in the deserts.

Mahdi with the exception of Suakim and the prey upon society, and they are looking now Equatorial Provinces, where Emin, another toward a time when it shall be possible to in-Gordon, refused to desert those who trusted in carcerate permanently those who have dem-Egyptian authority was tenaciously maintained, hope of their reformation. But did a trilling although scuttling had been the rule everywhere theft like this, even though accomplished by else. Emin like Gordon had been cut off, be- burglary, and even though that was his fourth trayed and forsaken, and nothing was done to offence, so well establish the young man's were still recognized as the dominion of the imprisoned for twenty years? Such a penalty Khedive. Suakim, in the same way, was gar- seems extravagant. The Illinois law unfortrisoned as an Egyptian port, and rabel camps unately admits of no gradations of punishwere occasionally attacked and shelled as a re- ment. Formerly the punishment for burglary minder that England still claimed the privilege varied from one year to twenty years, but the of shooting natives in the country which had "habitual criminals" act prescribes twenty been formally relinquished. Osman Digna years for all repetitions, whether first, second now interrupts this mimic warfare with his or more, without distinction. This is stupidly startling demand for a complete evacuation arbitrary. Ex-President Hayes, in a recent of the Soudan, with the lives of Emin and address upon this subject, said that in States Stanley as a forfeit for refusal. He is the having a "habitual criminals" act, it is usually Mohammedan Nemesis of England's failures in evaded by falling back in the trial upon the the Soudan.

A GREAT STATE LIBRARY.

mest commodious library-room in the world. Such is the judgment of Mr. Dewey, who has claim to the title of a State Library should rest on something more than its situation at the in the work of the Government.

It is entirely feasible to make it, as the new librarian proposes, a valuable part of the ed- to save them from being winter killed. ucational machinery of the State. With proper facilities it would be easy to extend its privileges to instructors in schools and colleges in any part of the State, books being sent to them! vailed most of the summer and fall over a region under proper restrictions and returned. In extending from Kansas and New-Mexico up to, if this way a large number of professors and not across, the Canadian border. Last year teachers who could not visit the capital would European could have achieved the triumph | yet be able to avail themselves of the treasures of the library, and there can be no doubt that

proved one of the greatest engineering and such a policy would have a stimulating and elevating effect throughout our whole educational system. There is not the least practical

gnarded are seldom abused. But to carry out these plans the Legislature tion on the feasibility of the Panama Canal. did library, but hardly more. For several They took him at his word, and year after year years past the beggarly sum of \$5,000 a year is all that has been appropriated for the purdefiles which he was scratching rather than chase of books, while the city of Boston appropriates \$150,000 a year for its Public Lilieved that he could not fail. Their faith in our State Library must pay its own way. It rainfall in the Atlantic States was abnormally him was not more profound nor more unques- will have at least this advantage, howeverioning than his faith in himself. M. de Les- that it will not be clogged up with the trash seps was a fatalist so far as the future of his to which the Congressional Library is compelled own enterprises was concerned. He could not to open its doors. The Empire State is big he convinced as late as Wednesday that the enough and rich enough to have a great library Panama Company was doomed. He was still devoted not on'y to the service of its governof the country. It presents a noble opporis the pathetic side of the collapse of the most | tunity. The collection is now about one-fourth the size of the Congressional Library. In American history and some other departments it is especially rich. It has secured, thanks to the action of the Regents, the services of one of the most accomplished and energetic members of the library profession, who enters upon

library the pride of the State. All that re-

propriations as the work demands.

mains is for the Legislature to give such ap-

TWENTY YEARS FOR THREE DOLLARS. An interesting case arose in Chicago the other day under the "babitual criminals" act. A young man was arraigned in Judge Jamieson's court on a charge of burglary. He was a cripple, having only one leg. It seems that a little more than a year ago he was convicted committed in the day-time, he was imprisoned only for one year. Less than a month after physics, the hen-and-a-half puzzle. But, like the his release he broke the window of a saloon with his crutch, entered and took the change \$3. He was seen in the act, and was arrested fields of the Soudan, the scuttling policy has with his booty on his person. The case was absolutely clear against him, and the fact that it was not his first offence would have justified a severer penalty than before. There was a strange confusion in the accounts of the Chi- the brain of its excess of blood. A gratifying cago papers. All agreed in saying that the young man was not yet twenty years old, and that this was only his second offence. It is now officially stated that he is twenty-eight From the day when Arabi's army was routed | years old, and that this is his fourth burglary. at Tel-el-Kebir England became morally re- He was arraigned under the "habitual criminals" act, by which any conviction for burglary after the first carries with it a sentence to twenty years in the penitentiary, without regard to the attendant circumstances.

A significant incident occurred at the open ing of the trial. The State's Attorney was examining the jurors as to their willingness to find a prisoner guilty under the "habitual tion to a jurer who is described as one of the most intelligent of the panel. He promptly, replied that he "would not send a man to the penitentiary for twenty years for stealing \$5 question until the next Congress meets. Now that "Sunset" Cox has persuaded his party associates to introduce a bit of common honesty.

into their caucus deliberations on this subject, general by abruptly proclaiming the abandon- Judge rose to his feet, and the reporters say there ought to be a fair chance of admitting ment of the Soudan. By that action every his "eyes fairly blazed with indignation" as the Dakotas, and possibly. Washington Ter- Egyptian garrison was placed in deadly peril he ordered the juror out of the panel. The ritory also, at this session. They must be ad- and the whole country handed over to slave- Judge said he "would not have any man on mitted, however, and not trifled with, and if traders and fanatical soldiery. When English his juries who would not uphold the laws of the Democratic caucus action is only a blind to conceal its intention of keeping them out and senseless policy, one blunder was added by the law, and it took them only three minto escape the responsibility of that action, or to another. Baker's mob of hirelings was rout- utes to find the young man guilty. A similar if it is a scheme to bargain over electoral votes, ed on the seaboard; 12,000 English soldiers, case occurred in another Chicago court not long it will meet only with an addition to the burden were sent to Suakim, too late to relieve the ago. A lad of twenty was convicted of breakof contempt in which the Democratic Territo- garrisons, but in time to slaughter thousands ing into a barn and stealing an old harness.

The purpose of the "habitual criminals" act late; and the Soudan was again abandomed it has produced an excellent effect. All stuafter the bloodiest and most useless battles dents of penal science are agreed that it is worse than folly to permit incorrigible crim-The entire Soudan was given over to the inals to be released at frequent intervals to In these two sections the fiction of onstrated by repeated offences that there is no effect his rescue; but his isolated provinces character as an incorrigible that he must be first count. This makes no mention of a second offence. The accused is allowed to plead guilty upon this, and is sentenced at the dis-That is what we should have in Albany, and cretion of the Judge. It is obvious that such what we shall have if the Legislature will co- an evasion of the law tends to bring all law operate in the plans of Mr. Dewey, the new into contempt. It should be amended to bring State Librarian, which are outlined in a letter it within the bounds of reason, and then be

CURIOUS WEATHER CONTRASTS.

Pienics and other summer diversions in which seen all the great libraries of Europe and the the people of the Northwest have been boast-United States, and sought to combine the best, fully indulging for the last six weeks have been features of all in the State Library. This need interrupted, no doubt, by the recent cold wave; not and should not be a local institution. Its and a momentary boom may have been given to the coal traffic and overcoat trade. But revival in the demand for galoshes is reported; hand-sled runners still wear the accumulated rust of a year; and the wheat-grower wonders

One of the most striking peculiarities of the weather in this country this year-and they are by no means few-is the drouth that has preand the year before there was no end of stories ers on new lands in Northern Texas, through the son, there has been less complaint. But through Kansas, Eastern Colorado, parts of Nebraska, Western Missouri, and Western Iowa, the trouble appears to have been widespread and serious. eres of farmers have been bankrupted and made heartsick by the failure of their crops; professional and amateur scientists have discussed with greater ardor than ever the unsettled question whether the rain-belt is really moving westward over the arid zone; learned disquisitions have filled the newspapers of that region on the hot winds which have parched the summer's feeble vegetation; and systems of irrigation, with water derived from mountain streams or artesian wells, have likewise been much mooted. "The Denver Republican' reported, October 2, that the year's precipitation in that city, which to then four and one-half inches short. In September, according to "The Kansas City Times," the since a record had been kept. And the Signal Service, up to last Friday, had reported only .37 inch at Dodge City, Kan., in the eleven weeks which had elapsed since October 1; whereas the normal precipitation there for that period is about 3.30 inches. Dakota and Minnesota have been somewhat better off; but even there rain

and snow are sadly needed. This warm, dry weather beyond the Mississippi M. de Lesseps had succeeded once with the brary. The Library of Congress in Washing- has been in marked contrast with the autumnal whole world against him, and Frenchmen be ton is largely fed with copyrighted books, while conditions further east. During September the large, the excess for the month, in a few isolated cases, being from 7 to 11 inches; and along the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence it was unusually cold. Rochester, Pittsburg and other points in Western New-York and Pennsylvania reported : mean temperature for the month fully 6 degrees below the normal-a great deviation. In this regard. October in some places made a worse record. see there in time a library to which scholars In this city, for instance, on twenty-six days out will resort from all parts of the State and even of thirty-one, the temperature was below the normal, on three at par, and on only two above the standard. As a whole, it was the coldest October here since the Signal Service began observations in 1870. November, however, made conspicuous if not satisfactory, amends; and to the weather for the first half of December the worst that we can justly impute is discomfort and inconvenience, not comparable with the industrial peril and rain to which farmers in the far West have been subhis work filled with an ambition to make this jected.

Such departures, in opposite directions, and almest simultaneously, from the average weather of a sesson, serve as a warning against conclusions drawn from too limited premises, regarding astronomical or other causes affecting the meteorological conditions of the world,

THE LATEST LOVE CURE.

A great popular want existing from time imhopeless possion for a girl who says it can never No end of remedies have been suggested, such baseball, horse-racing, Wall Street, chess, metadespised love?

Louis Globe-Democrat" bears true witness. He of harmony. reports that an eminent surgeon of this city once relieved a man of love for a fair enslaver-a love for which he had no use-by cutting a hole in the poor fellow's skull just over the bump of amative ness and allowing a leech to relieve that part of cure was effected. Temporarily " the fires of love were quenched." After a time, however," the patient had a relapse-he began to love the girl cain. The leech was recalled and once more he found himself not caring a picayune for " another," or, at all events, merely loving her like a sister. Several other attacks of the girl followed, but with constantly diminishing acuteness until at length the man was permanently cured of her. This remedy has the merit of simplicity. Any young gentleman who finds himself in possession if a small but significant mitten at an expense of not over a dollar can provide himself with an uger and a good working leech. A manual of phrenology, which will teach him where his bump of amativeness is, will cost him twenty-five cents more. Thus for the comparatively small sum of \$1 25 he can-

Cleanse the stuff'd bosom of the perilous girl Who weighs upon his heart.

It is hardly necessary to point out that great care

it should slip and bore crockedly, or if the leech instead of being kept strictly within the lines of the bump should be suffered to wander at will around the brain, the consequences might be un-

pleasant; might be worse than the mitten. However, the invention will doubtless be perfeeted before being formally placed on the market.

It remains for the lawyers to decide whether it is not a palpable infringement upon a patent. The world was long ago informed that by means of a surgical operation similar to the one in question a duced to take a joke.

The Tribune has had occasion now and then to remind Mr. S. S. Cox that, politically speaking, he was a miserable sinner, but it wants to take occasion to testify quite as publicly, and with equal impressiveness, that he has performed a considerable service to the country and a great one to his party in bringing them, at least partially, to their senses in the matter of the Territories. He has been a Moses, leading them out of the willerness of obstructiveness and fooling up to a higher level, where the atmosphere is charged with at least a certain flavoring of reason. This is a patriotic service for which he deserves credit. Always do right, Mr. Cox, and you will have the approval of your conscience and The Tribune. In this combination is the secret of human felicity.

Inspector Bonfield continues to predict Anarchist demonstrations on the 14th of July next, although he seems to have no doubt that the police of Chicago will be able to control the lawless elements there. People who ridicule Mr. Bonfield's statements will do well to remember that a long time previous to the outbreak of 1886 predictions of trouble were heard, and full accounts of the organizations of the Anarchists were printed only to be received by the public with incredulity. The renewed activity of the Anarchists is apparent to all, and they are not likely to get any too much watching.

One does not need to love the race of dogs heartily to approve of the sentence which Judge Cowing passed upon the two dog-catchers who were tried before him, last week. These ruffians made an outrageous assault upon a young lady who pluckily resisted the unlawful scizure of her dog-a gentle little creature which quietly and inoffensively was taking his walk abroad as a licensed dog has a perfect right to do. The law in relation to dogs is not intended to place a premium upon cruelty to animals, but that is the way the average dog-catcher seems to interpret it. In every dog that he lays his eves upon he sees aschance to make a few shillings, and it is all one to him whether he seizes a wretched big our that is obviously dangerous or a tiny pup that some child is petting. The sentence in question is well calculated to make the catchers think twice before they attempt whether the crops, already backward for lack to steal another dog. The calf of the public's of rain, are going to get a snow blanket in time | leg is entitled to protection and so is every licensed dog whose conduct is beyond reproach.

Its color is not the only indictment against the sickly green postage stamp. For several weeks past the mucilage upon its back has had a particularly villamous flavor, so that a new burden has been added to correspondence. To be sure there is no law against licking the corner of the of the suffering endured by adventurous farm- envelope, and apart from aesthetic considerations there is much to commend that practice, but this lack of rain. In that State, the present sea- is alleged to be a free country, and if anybody reckons a choice of ways for attaching a stamp to a letter to be a necessary incident in the pursuit of happiness,he is entitled to act on that theory.

> It is recorded that Mrs. Parsons, who is setting herself up as the Madame Defarge of the Anarchist movement in this country, is growing fat. This will never do. Anarchy and fat are inconsistent. Anarchists should be lean and wildeyed, and their physical characteristics should invariably convey an impression of misery and discontent. Fat looks comfortable. Mrs. Parsons should bant as well as rant.

The action of the Excise Revision Commission in fixing the limit of the number of saloens to one for every 500 inhabitants is heartily to be commended. This, if approved by the Legislature, would make a large reduction, not only in the cities, er, according to "The Kansas City Times," the infall in Kansas for September was the smallest 391 of the population. The figures in the first sell corncobs without a physician's prescription. case, it should be said, are swellen by the great number of restaurants and drinking places used during the day by business men who do not live in the district. Now let the Commission mark up the schedule of license fees to the point demanded by the temperance sentiment of the people.

The conviction of Carlton was prompt, and it is only to be regretted that his execution is likely to be less speedy, judging by all the known precedents. This man was a professional criminal, and the murder he committed was utterly wanton and bloodthirsty. It is some satisfaction to feel sure that, although the law's delay may save him from the gallows for the time, he will get there just the same.

Dubuque, Iowa, has a mild type of Whitechapel mystery in the person of a man who has become mown in various parts of the West and South is the "Pincher." His attacks upon women are confined to springing out suddenly from some place of concealment, and before the woman has recovered from her fright, pinching her violently on both arms, when he disappears as quickly and mysteriously as he came. This man has been at work in previous years in Detroit, New-Orleans and other cities. He probably belongs to the class of mildly demented persons, like the young man who once confessed to Dr. Hammond that he had at least a hundred times destroyed with vitriol beautiful dresses worn by women, because he could not resist the impulse to do it, but never had any desire to injure the wearers

The Democrats should have a royal jubilee memorial is for something that will cure a lover of a hopeless possion for a girl who says it can never Syracuse Courier. So they should, so they should. Let Mr. Hill be inaugurated with pemp of breaking into a house, and as the crime was as travel, study, autograph-hunting, lecturing, and circumstance, but let them be of the befitting sort. The Saloon-Keepers' Association ought to be awarded the right of the line in the inaugural cures for sea-sickness, these devices have failed procession and the Ear-Keepers' Union also ought signally to give satisfaction. Are we to conclude, to have a prominent place in the column. It then, that it is impossible to relieve the pangs of is perhaps too much to expect that Mr. Cleveland will write an inauguration ode for the occasion, Well, no, not if a correspondent of "The St. but then he may consent to do so in the interest

PERSONAL.

Miss Emily Faithfull suffers much from asthma. Mr. John Wanamaker is at the head of a movement to organize a great Presbyterian club at Phil-

Miss Harriet Hosmer is at present dividing her attention between Chicago and St. Louis.

Mrs. Drew, who contributes to "The Woman's Gaette" a notable article in favor of Women's Rights, the most Gladstonian of all Mr. Gladstone's family. For many years before her marriage she was ght-hand man" of her father, and it may be interesting to these who write to Mr. Gladstone to know that every letter of the daily eighty which on an average are delivered at Hawarden is opened by Mrs. Drew, whose services as secretary free her father from a considerable proportion of the inevitable worries of so large a correspondence.

At ninety-two years of age, ex-Governor Berry, of New-Hampshire, is in vigorous health and goes out walking or driving almost every day.

There is little hope that the Empress of Russia will recover from the nervous shock caused by the recent railroad accident.

The sudden and serious filness of his compolled Professor A. S. Hardy, of Dartmouth, to postpone indefinitely his trip to the Old World. Princess Kolizow-Messalski, best known under the

Her mother was the first woman author who used the Rumanian language.

The late William Amory, of Boston, belonged to Harvard's famous "rebellion class" of 1823, of which George Peabody and Russell Sturgts were also mem-Mr. Samuel Parkman Blake, of Boston, is one of its few survivors. Mr. Amory was one of the founders of the Friday Club, his associates in-cluding Agassiz, W. W. Greenough, George S. Hill-ard and Sidney Bartlett. That was the only social organization George Ticknor was ever persuaded to Join.

The Czar delights to show his good-will toward certain race of men not given to humor were in- France by delicate attentions to her distinguished citizens. By a recent decree he made MM. Camille Doucet and Emile Augier members of the Order of St. Stanislas, and awarded crosses of the First Class to MM. Victorien Sardou, Alexander Dumas and Octave Feuillet; and of the Second Class to MM. Henri Meilhac, Emile Blauet and Salvayre. The critics, authors, newspaper men and musicians thus honored have become great favorites of the upper classes in Russia, who use the French language with as much facility as their own.

Professor Alexander Johnston, of Princeton, has for some time been obliged to give up his duties in the class-room by reason of continued filness. His work will be divided next term between President Patton and

Mr. Robert H. Shannon, of this city, recently wrote to General Harrison, congratulating him on his election in the name of the 275 veterans who voted for William Henry Harrison in 1840, and who were in the great Republican parade of November 3. In his reply the President-elect said: "The confidence, respect and support of these venerable old gentlemen and their associates throughout the country has been and is a source of great gratification to me. Please convey to those in whose behalf you have addressed me my thanks and my sincere regards."

In "The World," of London, is told this characteristic story of Mr. Gladstone: Last summer the great Home-Ruler had occasion to come into contact with Mr. Frederic Harrison, who had just published his study of Oliver Cromwell. A good deal of conversation took place on the subject of the book, and Mr. Gladstone asked Mr. Harrison if he really thought Cromwell a very great man. Mr. Harrison answered warmly in the affirmative, giving his reasons, and, in return, asked Mr. Gladstone what was his estimate of the Protector, and what position he would assign him in the political hierarchy. Mr. Gladstone is said to have replied, "Well, somewhere after Lord Althorp."

THE TALK OF THE DAY.

A Chinaman who, after several years' residence in this country, returned to China, has been telling his countrymen that the Americans worship a mysterious being who is called All Mi-T Dol Lar.

A man was arrested for preaching on a New-York ferryboat. It seems that the proper thing to do white on one of those crowded and ill-smelling vessels is to swear. No one is ever arrested for this.—(Baltimore American.

Speaking of the number of American women wh have married Englishmen, a German paper says: "Is might be a good thing for some of the younger sons of our nobility to marry American women." It might, Well, just try it, and you will learn a thing or two about American women that you apparently don't

Hard Lines.-Dumley-I say, Brown, can you let me have the twenty jou owe me?

Brown-Why, Dumley, I'm just going to the races.
You wouldn't rob a man under such circumstances.

wouldn't rob a man under such circumstances, ald you! I'll see you again Evening of the same day.

Description wish you'd let me have that twenty follower. I spoke to you about. I need the money, rown—W-what! Dun a man who's just got back the races! I didn't think that of you, Dumley.—I Epoch. Says "The Los Angeles Tribune": " Most women,

old or young, beautiful or homely, fashionable or dowdy, whom one sees daily upon the streets, keep up an incessant mastication of gum, and even some young women that one does not commonly see upon the streets, do, it is feared, secretly indulge themselves in the seductive and pernicious vice."

The Pox Supply Safe.—Stranger—I hear this is a great section for fox-hunting.

Oah Tree Inn Host—Yes, stree; parties come down from the city every fall; come in grand style, too; been coming for years.

"Isn't there danger that you will run out of foxes?"

Not a bit. We are still toing the fox we began with?—(Philadelphia Record.

There is still much speculation as to the proper pronunciation of th term "Volapuk." Charles E. Sprague, of this city, one of the foremost disciples of Schleyer in this country, pronounces the word as if it were written "Vole-ah-peak."

Amateur Photographer (who has been showing some of his attempts at portraiture)—I should like to take your little girl. if you wouldn't mind.
Little Girl (who has seen the specimens)—Oh, no, mamma, don't let him take me; I'll be good.—(Moonsmanne, don't let him take me; I'll be good.—(Moonsmanne

The fragrant and savory nutmeg is placed on the list of active poisons by "The Hospital" of London, because a boy of eight years, after eating two whole nutmegs, fell into a comatose state and died within twelve hours. Likewise, we believe, corncobs should be branded as formidable saloons in any Assembly district was in the First, hattan reports that a negro child in Texas, six weeks where there were 1,072, or one to every forty-one of age, after swallowing nineteen large corncobs, of the population, and the smallest was in the whole, fell into convulsions and died within thirteen Twenty-lirst, where there were 145, or one to every minutes. Assuredly no druggist should be allowed to

Ina Drake, a twelve-year-old girl of Dakota, ploughed with a sulky plough, this fall, forty acres. Her parents are so proud of her achievement that they call hes a "little duck," but some persons will no doubt think this young Drake is a little goose for engaging in such work.—(Norristown Heraid.

"The Cincinnati Commercial Gazette" has reason to be proud of its New-York telegraphic service and its composing room. At 1:20 a. m. on December 5, The Tribune's table of the popular vote for President was started over its wire from this city, and at 1:45 the last figure was sent. The table was printed with only a few typographical errors, most of which any one examining the table could have corrected. It was a creditable piece of work to all concerned, considering the limited time at their disposal and the chances of error in telegraphing figures.

St. Louis Girl-Did you have much of an election elebration as your house, Gwendolen! I know your celebration at your house, Gwendolen? I know your father won a large sum. Cincinnati Girl—Oh, no, dear! We just had some freerackers for the children and two or three kegs of beer on the roof. Mammas health is not very robust, you know.—(Chicago Tribune.

"The Savannah News' declares that the great need of Georgia is a better system of public schools. In the cities and towns the schools are fairly good, but in the country they are very poor. "It is useless," says "The News," "to expect that intelligent and thrifty farmers of the West will seek homes in Georgia as long as the public schools remain in their present condition. They would rather put up with the hardships of a cold climate, and pay high rents for comparatively poor land, than to come to Georgia where they can by industry and frugality soon make themselves comfortable homes, than to deprive their children of edu-

Little Johnny (looking curiously at the visitor)— there did the chicken bite you, Mr. Billus? I don't ee any of the marks. Visitor-Why, Johnny, I haven't been bitten by any

cational advantages."

chicken.

Johnny-Mamma, didn't you tell papa Mr. Billus was dreadfully henpeched? Why, mamma, how funny you look? Your face is all red.—(Chicago Tribune. "The Electrical World" thinks that electric heating will, at no distant day, supplant all other meth

Professor Pande will soon exhibit in this country as collection of Buddhistic and Sama idols, among which is the skull of a learned man who was so proud of his large cerebellum that he voluntarily lilled himself in order that his follow men might have an opportunity to see it. When a man in this country gets the "big head," he is pretty proud, but not vain enough to lill himself for the benefit of his fellow men—more's the pity.—(Norristown Herald.

Don M. Dickinson has given up the idea of coming

Michigan until it becomes a Democratic State. He

Years of Discretion.—Little Dot—P's writin' a letter to Santa Claus, tellin' all the things I want. Shall I put it in the chimney?

Little Dick—(two years older)—Naw. Put it where mamma will find it.—(Philadelphia Record. By the way, where is that Democratic G. A. R.!

Tacoma, W. T., is to have electric street cars. In a few more years, perhaps, the Siturians who run this town will allow us to have electric motors-if there is money in it for the Silurians.

More than he Bargained For.—The Paster—You remember me, don't you, Polly!

The Parrot—Remember you! I recken I do!
You're the copper-toed heretic who preaches so long that good little Tommy wishes you'd die. (And it was many long days before his mother learned that Tommy had been giving that bird daily lessons.)—(Time.

Some one has observed that in preaching, Canon Knox-Little gives the pulpit little knocks.

Another One Heard From.—"Yes, you can be arriage to a failure!" he exclaimed as he came out of saloon wiping his clain. "Here's my own case to you it." Don't you live happfly?" asked one of his crowd.

"No!"
Why!
"Why!
"Why!
"Why!
"Why!
"Why!
"Why!
"Why!
"Why!
"Why are some of the world give up but three, and I've got to squeeze along on that while some other husbands have fifteen. Yes marriage is a dead flatifiation. None of us husbands are loved and supported as we ought to be!"—(Detroit Free Pres.